New York Store Established 1853. Agents for Butterick Patterns.

Was Through With His Samples

And so he offered them to us at exactly half.

Blankets

They were, and he was the Indiana representative of LAMBERT & HUNTINGTON, 81 Lispenard St., N. Y. So you get fine white, 1ed, grey allwool and wool-mixed Blankets today at half the ordinary cost.

\$5.00 fine wool Blankets......\$2.50 \$4.00 fine wool Blankets......\$2.00 \$3.00 fine wool Blankets...... \$1.50 Here are also a number of splendid bargains in Horse Blankets and Carriage Robes

Pettis Dry Goods Co.

S. W. cor. Market and Penn. sts., opp. P O. Formerly in "The Denison."

MANY IMITATORS

Flour as its equal.

But no superior, has . . .

Princess Flour

Do not accept a blended or spring wheat

OYA room, and canopied with smilax from the chandeller to the corners. In the center, on a silk embroidered doyley, was a vase of pink roses while pink carnations combined with ferns filled the buffet and manits great leavening tel. Mr. and Mrs. Wiltsie will be at home

trength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK

PERSONAL AND SOCIETY.

Miss Flora Stanley will entertain her card The Madrigal Club will not hold its regu-

lar meeting this morning. Miss Lucy Holliday has returned from visit to friends in Champagne, Ill. Mr. and Mrs. Meredith Nicholson will en-

Feb. 3 for her guest, Miss Forsyth, of Ken-Miss Florence Malott will go to St Louis Saturday to make a visit of several

Miss Jenny Welling left yesterday for the southeast coast of Florida, to be gone four Mrs. Malott and daughters and Mrs. F

W. Hays will observe their reception days Mr. and Mrs. Eckhouse have taken pos ession of their new home on North Meridian and Seventeenth street (old Eighth). Mrs. Frederick Fahnley entertained a few friends at luncheon yesterday for Mrs. Rush's guest, Mrs. Krauss, of Cleveland. The Arion Club, assisted by Miss Josephine Hyde, contraito, gave a concert last evening at Odd Fellows' Hall on Virginia

Mrs. Theodore Varney will give a breakfast Saturday in honor of Misses Josephine and Helen Holman, and their visitor Miss

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Albert Layman have issued invitations for a masque party Tuesday evening, Feb. 9, at their home in

Miss Augusta Lyon will leave the middle East for several weeks, has returned to

The friends of Miss Nellie Graham, 79 teenth birthday by a surprise party on Tuesday evening, presenting her with a ring set with garnet and pearls. Miss McDermott of Cincinnati, Miss Olney

of Clinton, Iowa, and Miss Stevenson of Philadelphia, who have been the guests of Miss Van Camp and received numerous social attentions, have returned home. The Fortnightly Literary Club will have an evening meeting next week (Tuesday),

and each member has the privilege of inviting two guests. Miss Mary Nicholson is to read a paper on "Jean Francois Millet." which will be illustrated. The song service given at Roberts Park

Church last Sunday evening will be re-peated Sunday evening. At the morning service Mr. Frank V. Steele, of Chicago, where he was in the choir at Bishop Cheney's Church, will sing "Rock of Ages," by The marriage of Mr. Kenneth A. Fawcette, of Chicago, formerly of this city, and

Miss Etta Almond will occur this morning, at 10 o'clock, at the residence of the bride's parents, in this city. After the ceremony they will go direct to Chicago, where they will reside at No. 61 Thirty-ninth

A very fine portrait of Mr. W. P. Fishback is on exhibition at Lieber's. It is from the brush of Mr. T. C. Steele and is in the artist's very best style. Mr. Steele has happily caught Mr. Fishback's best expression and has faithfully transferred it | their home in Columbus, where Mr. Sibley to the canvas. The flesh tints, the peculiar gray of the hair and the ensemble speak Mr. Steele's art and talent.

Mrs. John R. Wilson gave a small company yesterday afternoon, having with her Mrs. May W. Donnan, who read her paper on "Motley's the Only Wear," which she read a few weeks ago at the Katherine Merrill Club. Mrs. Donnan is a contributor to the Journal columns and other publications and her graceful writings and facile expressions give her place among the

literary workers of the city.

Mrs. Ruth McEnery Stuart, the wellknown writer, was the guest of the Contemporary Club last evening and read a series of sketches from her own writings, ter of Aaron Jones, master of the Indiana which were delightful. Mrs. Stuart has the Grange, were married at noon to-day at faculty of making each member of the audience feel that the story is told for him or her individually. The committee for the clating. They will reside on a farm near evening included Mr. and Mrs. O. B. Jameson, Miss Harriet Noble, Mr. George M. Hume and Mr. Newton Booth Tarkington. To-morrow afternoon Mrs. Stuart will read for the girls at the Classical School some

of her "Sunny Sketches." Mrs. J. S. Holliday gave a charming post-nuptial linen shower Tuesday afternoon in honor of Mrs. Theodore Varney. A dozen friencs were invited and on arrival each one was given a hemstitched doyley and silks to embroider it, each recipient drawing her own design. After an hour or more the articles were examined and Dresden pieces were given as prizes. The guests to meet Mrs. Varney were Mrs. C. W. Hauelsen, Mrs. Arthur D. Gates, Miss Maria Woollen, Mrs. John Somerville, Miss Lyon, Miss Holliday, Miss Eleanor Smith,

Miss Martindale and the Misses Butler. GRIFFITH-STONE. A wedding of much interest was that of Miss Katherine Kierstead Stone, only daughter of Mrs. Anna Kierstead Hammond, and Mr. Carl Vernon Griffith, son of Mr. and Mrs. Theodore E. Griffith, which took place last evening before a large audirelatives and friends at Christ The bride is a granddaughter of

circle of friends. The ushers for the wedding were Messrs. John McCullough, Raymond P. Van Camp, Thomas G. Alford and George Whitcomb. Mr. Joseph Joiner presided at the organ and played Mr. Louis Weslyn Jones's "She's a Girl After My Own Heart," as the guests arrived, and at the appointed hour he played the wedding march from "Lohengrin," announcing the arrival of the bridal party. The ushers preceded and were followed by the maid of honor, Miss Nellie Whitcomb, and the bride with her brother, Mr. Charles K. Stone, who gave her away. At the chancel the bride was met by the groom and his best man, Mr. James Blake Stone, brother of the bride, and the minister, Rev. A. J. Graham, rector of Christ Church. The church was adorned with palms and lilies.

During the words of the ceremony the organist played softly "Call Me Thine Own." The bride wore an elegant gown of ivory white faille made with a plain skirt and high corsage richly trimmed with mouse- CIGARETTE BILL AGREED Of selaine de sole and duchess lace. Mouseselaine sleeves with duchess lace completed the costume. Her long tulle veil enveloped her and she carried a bouquet of Bride roses, Miss Whitcomb's gown was of green moire, made with a corsage around which was a fall of rich lace and with short puffed sleeves and she wore long gloves. Her flowers were Bridesmaid roses. The "Mendelssohn Wedding March" was played as the bridal party left the church. On the arrival of the bridal party at the home of Mrs. Hammond, on North Illinois street, a reception to the family and a few of the most intimate friends was held. Receiving with Mr. and Mrs. Griffith, Mr. Stone and Miss Whitcomb, were Mrs. Hammond, Mrs. A. A. Cady, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore E. Griffith. The colors pink and white were carried out in all the appointments at the house, pink carnations and smilax with palms adorned the two parlors, and in the lining room the table held an exquisitely wrought embroidery of the two colors on which was a crystal candelabrum with Drs. Coughlin & Wilson, Dentists which was a crystal candelabrum with pink candles, and on the table were roses. Assisting in entertaining were: Mrs. Eudora Tousey, Mrs. John C. Lawrie, Mrs. Frank M. Talbott, Mrs. Claude Griffith and Mrs. Lynn Stone. Mr. and Mrs. Griffith will reside at No. 446 North Capitol avenue, where they will go to housekeeping. They will be at home to their friends after Feb. 15. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. James Duthie, of Chicago, and Mr. and Mrs. Moreland Binford and daughter Sue,

> A pretty home wedding was celebrated yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Timberlake, on East Sixteenth (old Seventh) street. The bride was their daughter, Miss Mabel Timberlake, and the groom Mr. Charles Sumner Wiltsie, prosecuting attorney of Marion county. The rooms were tastefully decorated with flowers and palms. White primthe wedding were the relatives and a very bride wore a beautiful gown of heavy white satin, made walking length and with high corsage, the latter trimmed with mousselaine de soie and pearls. She wore a veil and carried a bouquet of Bride roses. Her only ornnament was a pendant of pearls and diamonds, the gift of Mr. Wiltsie. The wedding march was played as the bride and groom entered the parlor and "O Promise Me" during the ceremony by the harpist, who also played a varied gramme during the evening. After congratulations had been extended, a supper was served. The bride's table was a square one in the center of the dining

to their friends after March 1 at 614 East

Washington street. No invitations have

been issued for a formal at home. Among

the guests were Miss Olive Creassy, of

WILTSIE-TIMBERLAKE.

of Crawfordsville.

Greenwood; Mrs. Eli Anderson and Mrs. Benjamin, of Plainfield; Mr. and Mrs. Allen Cutrill, of Bloomington, and Dr. Clara Gause, of Carthage. KLEIN-JOHNSON. The marriage of Miss Alice Maud Johnson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Johnson, and Mr. Armstead Mason Klein, of Muncie, took place yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock, at the family residence, 179 East tertain friends at dinner Saturday even- | St. Clair street. Only the relatives and nearest friends were present for the cere-Miss Edna J. Williams will give a party

mony, which was performed by Rev. T. I. Coultas, of Roberts Park Church. The bride and groom were unattended. Miss Johnson wore a handsome traveling gown of broadcloth and carried American Beauty grin" was played by Mrs. Stossmeister, of Cicero, and during the ceremony "O Thou Sublime Sweet Evening Star" was softly given. The rooms were daintily decorated with vases of variegated carnations, and draped with smilax. Following the ceremony a dinner was served and Mr. and Mrs. Klein left last evening for their home in Muncie, where they will reside, at 419 South Council street. Among the guests at

the wedding were Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Klein, Mr. Wysor, Dr. Kemper, Misses Sarah and Mary Wysor and Mr. John Smith, of Muncie; Miss May Klein and Mr. Harry Klein, of Crawfordsville, and Mrs. Stossmeister, of

Last night at 8 o'clock Mr. Frederick Bachman and Miss Kate Reger were married at the home of the bride's mother, 649 East Ohio street, in the presence of a company of the contracting parties' friends. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Peters, of Zion's Church. Little Alma of February for Baltimore to join her par- | Reger, a niece of the bride, gowned in Mr. John C. Lyon, who has been white silk, acted as flower girl, and the other attendants were children of the groom. After the simple ceremony toasts were drunk to the health of the bride, and West Michigan street, celebrated her four- the entire party then took carriages to the home of the groom on North Meridian, above Thirteenth street, where an elegant supper was served. The house was elaborately decorated with flowers and the com-

BACHMAN-REGER.

rooms. The bride wore a green traveling dress, trimmed with laces, and in her hair were roses. Miss Reger is one of the handsomest German ladies of the city. Mr. and Mrs. Bachman will take a bridal trip to

SIBLY-MILLER

The marriage of Miss Emma Miller and Mr. James A. Sibley, city treasurer of Columbus, took place yesterday at noon at the home of Mr. Robert E. Whaley, on Shelby street. The bride was attended by Miss Lula Patterson and the groom by Mr. Edward Jewell. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Z. T. Sweeny. The entire party and minister are residents of The home of Mr. and Mrs. Whaley was beautifully adorned with palms and flowers for the occasion. The bride wore a handsome gown of white silk. trimmed with duchess lace and carried a bouquet of Marechal Neil and La France roses. Miss Patterson wore a white silk with chiffen and pearl trimming and carried flowers. Mrs. Whaley was assisted in entertaining by Miss Nora Whaley. Mr. and Mrs. Sibley left in the afternoon for has a residence all ready for his bride. LIGHTFOOT-SMITH.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. RUSHVILLE, Ind., Jan. 27 .- The marriage of Mr. Frederick W. Lightfoot, a young business man of this city, and Miss Margaret Smith, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Oliver M. Smith, took place last night at s o'clock at the bride's home, the Rev. C. W. Tinsley officiating.

ORT-JONES. SOUTH BEND, Ind., Jan. 27 -Mr. Harry F. Ort and Miss Mary A. Jones, a daughthe home of the bride, Dr. Henry W. Johnson, of the First Presbyterian Church, offi-

TWO HUMAN TANKS.

One Had a Narrow Escape from the Whisky He Drank.

Yesterday afternoon a traveling man Two colored men drank each two beer glasses of whisky and two of beer. One of them vomited and avoided serious suffering. The other, William Davenport, was taken to the police station and from there to the City Hospital. Police Surgeon Courtney thought the man would die, but at the hospital it was said late last night

that he would probably recover. Blood Poisoning Killed Him.

of the city. An operation had been performed Mrs. A. A. Cady, of one of the oldest and some weeks ago at the hospital to save him from most prominent jamilies in the city, and the effects of an injury to the spine. He said both bride and groom are known to a large hard seat of a wagon.

MEASURES THAT GET THROUGH ONE BRANCH OF THE LEGISLATURE.

House Spends Most of the Day Discussing the Age of Consent, and Fixes It at Sixteen.

SENATE PASSES THE TEN-PER-CENT INSURANCE MEASURE.

Swinebreeders' Bill-Hearing on I surance Legislation-Talk of a "Shake-Up."

Cigarettes, the age of consent, insurance and hog cholera were the chief subjects occupying the attention of the Legislature yesterday. The rights and privileges committee of the House, to which have been referred about a dozen anti-cigarette bills of various kinds, killed them all and brought in a bill prohibiting the sale of tobacco in any form to minors and imposing fine and tors La Follette, Hogate, Houghton, Early imprisonment not to exceed one year for violation of the act. It is understood that this measure is a compromise between the demands of the W. C. T. U. and the objections of the cigarette lobby, and is likely to go through. It was made a special order of business in the House next Monday afternoon. Most of the time of the House was spent upon the age-of-consent bill introduced by Mr. Thomas, fixing it at eighteen years, which was up for passage. It was discussed at great length and defeated by a heavy vote, though most of the members in explaining their votes declared that roses and white cyclamens, with ferns, fill- they would vote for a bill raising the limit appeared before the committee Tuesday ed the mantel in the parlor, where the cere- from fourteen to sixteen years. Mr. Little- night, an account of w mony was pronounced by Rev. Mr. Sar- | ton, one of the exponents of the Thomas gent, of Hall-place Church. The guests at | bill, after the defeat of that measure, inwas passed unanimously under suspension

> Most of the morning session of the Senate was occupied with a caucus of the two parties, and then a joint conference over the Culbert-Rogers contested election case from Laporte county. The elections committee had come to a decision after midnight to seat Culbert, the Republican contestant. In the consultation it was agreed that the matter should be made a special order for 10:30 o'clock to-morrow morning, and that an hour for argument should be given to each side. The contest turns upon charges of fraudulent voting, the counting of spoiled ballots and the shutting out of qualified men from the polls. The rest of the day the Senate occupied in Senator McCord, affecting insurance companies, was discussed. It repeals the that if an insurance company incorporated repealing it was passed by a heavy vote. Association of Swinebreeders to prevent the spread of hog cholera. It requires the strictest cleanliness and liberal use of disinfectants in handling hogs by railroad shippers, railroad companies and stock yards. A bill by Senator Phares, requiring ator Houghton, concerning the widening of highways, were killed on third reading, measures passed were Hugg's bill reducing the penalty for embezzlement where the amount is less than \$25 to a minimum of five years' imprisonment and \$500 fine, and Senator Mull's bill requiring township trustees to post notices for thirty days previous to the sale of

THE AGE OF CONSENT.

House Spends Most of the Day Arguing the Question-Fixed at Sixteen. After concurring in the report of the rights and privileges committee upon the cigarette bills yesterday morning the House devoted most of the morning to the introbills were introduced, the most interesting of which was one by Mr. Reynolds to encourage the growth of forests.

The Prison North committee reported Willoughby's convict discharge bill favorably with an amendment and the House

The concurrent resolution concerning inpany, consisting of forty guests, sat at one long table which extended through two spection of the drainage of the Southern Hospital adopted Tuesday came back with the Senate amendment, striking out the ment. The bills passed in the Senate on Monday and Tuesday were handed down and went through first reading in the

> Mr. Thomas's bill fixing the age of consent at eighteen years was handed down upon third reading. Mr. Linck and Mr. Packard spoke for the bill as a protection to young girls. Messrs. East, Littleton, Jones and Lambert spoke against it on the ground that it would give adventuresses and lewd women great opportunities for blackmail. Mr. Smith spoke in favor of the bill, clearing up the point that it would not interfere with early marriages. The previous question was demanded upon a motion of Mr. Littleton to recommit, with instructions to make it sixteen years. In explaining his vote Mr. Thomas made strong plea for morality and was applauded. The vote to recommit was lost because it requires a two-thirds vote. The was 54 to 34 to recommit. beginning of the ernoon session the bill was up for passage Mr. Nicholson spoke for the measure and the vote was taken under operation of the previous question demanded by Mr. Henderson. Most members explained their votes and many of those voting against it said they would be glad to vote for a bill fixing the age at sixteen, while some of those voting for it said they would prefer such The measure was defeated by a Ayes-Messrs. Archibald, Babcock, Barlor, Blankenship, Canada, Clauser, Claycomb, Cockrum, Engle, Eichhorn, Furness, Gibson, Goddard, Haifley, Henderson, Hubbard, Kell, Linck, McCrea, McGeath, Monyhan, Morgan, Newton, Nicholson, Packard, Record, Remington, Reynolds, Rifenburg, Sence, Smith of Tippecanoe,

> Spooner, Stetler, Swope Thomas, Wallrath, Wise-Total, 37 Noes-Berry, Bowers, Downey, East, Elliott of Henry, Elliott of Marion, Elliott of Washington, Feist, Fornshell, Greisel, Graham, Hart, Hedgecock, Herod, Hicks, James, Jernegan, Jones, Kayser, Knepper, Littleton, Mann, March, Morris, O'Bannon, Patterson of Daviess, Patterson of Frank-Patterson of Fulton, Purvis, Rhodes, Ryan, Schaal, Schrader, Shideler, Sullivan,

> Thornton, Titus, Wair, Wiener, Willough-Half an hour later Mr. Littleton, by consent, introduced the same bill with the age limit at sixteen. He asked for a suspension of the rules in order to place the bill upon its passage and the rules were suspended without opposition. Upon the second reading Mr. Thomas offered an amendment making it seventeen instead of sixteen. Mr. Smith raised the point of order that an amendment could not be offered under suspension of the rules. There was some argument upon the point of order and the Speaker finally ruled it not well taken. Mr. Hicks then moved to table the amendment and his motion was carried by vote of 54 to 30. Mr. East offered an amendment making it fifteen years, but got no second. The bill was then placed upon its passage and went through without a dis-Bills to pay the following paving claims

passed: The Warren-Scharff Company, \$1,-012.51; Dunn & Mankedick, \$2,127.18; M. Snyder & Co., \$1,078.14. Bills upon second reading were taken up and that legalizing the corporation of Irvington was passed under suspension of the rules. There was a long discussion over the bill of Mr. James regulating partition fences and it was finally recommitted to the agricultural committee. The bill reappropriating to the commission the unexpended balance of \$8,421 in the treasury of the Chickamauga commission was handed down on third reading and

passed. The House then adjourned. CULBERT-ROGERS CONTEST.

Senators Spend Nearly All the Morning Caucusing Upon It.

After spending an hour yesterday morning in discussing and killing Senator Houghton's bill concerning the widening of highways, on motion of Senator Gostlin, chairman of the election committee, who said the Republican members desired to hold a twenty-minute conference on important measures, the Senate took a recess. Lieutenant Governor Haggard tendered the caucus the use of his private rooms and was invited to be present. The caucus was held for the purpose of considering the majority report of the election committee, favoring the unseating of Senator Rogers, the Democratic incumbent from Laporte county, and supporting the contentions of Uriah Culbert, who demands to be seated. There was considerable discussion of the case. After the facts disclosed by the evidence had been presented by the election committee the caucus decided to adopt the committee's report.

At the meeting other questions of particular importance to the majority were discussed and it was decided to appoint a "steering committee," consisting of Sena-

and Hawkins. A most an hour was consumed at the meeting. Immediately after the caucus adjourned and the Senators came back to the Senate chamber Senator Newby obtained recognition and said that it was always in order for the election committee to be heard. He moved that other business be dispended with as Senator Gostlin, chairman of the committee, desired to report. There were two reports, the majority report, signed by Senators Gostlin, Newby, Hawkins, Early and Wood, favoring Culbert, and a minority report signed by Senators Johnston and Humphreys, recommending that Rogers be allowed to retain his seat. The latter was quite lengthy and embraced the arguments advanced by Elder Weir, Rogers's attorney, when he the minority report first. Those who did not know this were surprised as the reading progressed into believing the caucus had decided to turn down the election committee. As the clerk finished reading, however, he announced that he had made a mistake and at once read the majority rewhich was short and to the point. A dozen members on the minority side of the House were on their feet for discussion, but the chair recognized Senator who moved that inasmuch as a number of senators would be abseut from the afternoon session on committee work that the subject be made special order for this morning at 10:30 o'clock, and that discussion on each side be limited to one hour. His motion prevailed. The Senate then ad-

SENATE PASSES BILLS.

Repealing the 10 Per Cent. Penalty Clause-Swinebreeders' Bill Passed. When the Senate was called to order in passing bilis. The measure introduced by cant, and Senator Duncan suggested that committee reports be received "while the crowd is gathering." A great many reports were submitted and a number of new bills were rushed into the hopper. When the regin this State fails to pay a fire loss within | ular order, bills on third reading, was resixty days the policy holder may recover a sumed Senator Hugg called up his bill relpenalty of 10 per cent, in addition to his ative to the punishment of employes of loss. This has acted as a great bar to the persons or firms for embezzlement. It organization of home companies. The bill amends the present law so as to provide employes embezzling \$25 or less may be im-Another important measure that passed prisoned not less than one nor more than the Senate was a bill prepared by the State | five years while the punishment for the more than five years' imprisonment. Fines may be assessed against either class of offend-

A bill repealing the 10-per-cent.-penalty clause of the insurance laws, introduced by | the cellhouses Secretary Hurty says: Senator McCorel, was passed. It does away with the provision of the old law inflicting a penalty of 10 per cent, for the nonpayment of fire insurance losses by insurance companies incorporated in this State within sixty days after such losses occur. Complaints have been long made that this law effectually barred home insurance companies from doing business. A bill intro-duced at the instance of the Commercial Club is of the same purport. The next bill passed was that of Senator Mull requiring township trustees to post notice for thirty days of the sale of any property before such property is sold.

Senator Phares's bill for the establishmen of a veterinary examining board was the subject of a long discussion. It provides that no person shall practice veterinary surgery without obtaining a license from he examining board. Graduates of colleges of veterinary surgery are to pay \$5 for such licenses, while nongraduates are to pay \$25 before being examined. The bill

Other bills passed were that of Senator Bozeman, preventing the spread of disease among swine; that of Senator Schneck, requiring fire chiefs or town marshals to investigate fires and report any facts going to show incendiarism to the prosecuting attorney, and Senator Self's bill, amending the law for the relief of the poor.

The roll call of bills on third reading was not completed when the Senate adjourned, although that has been the order of business for two days. A good deal of time is taken up in discussions. There are a few senators who seem to desire to speak on every bill that comes up. Among the committee reports submitted in the Senate yesterday were those favoring Senator New's bill repealing the legislative apportionment act of 1885 and Senator McCord's anti-cigarette bill. At one time in the afternoon Senator Hugg presented a long petition circulated against cigarettes in this county. That was the signal for the senators to fire a shower of petitions against the baseball bill and in favor of anti-eigarette legislation at the reading clerk. They were referred to the commmittee having those measures under consideration without comment.

Senator Hugg, chairman of the committee on claims and expenditures, submitted a favorable report on Senator Holler's resolution providing for the payment of expenses of the prison committee on its trip to Michigan City. It was adopted without a dissenting vote

CIGARETTE LEGISLATION.

Agreement by Opposing Forces Upon a Measure Relating to Minors. Tue first business taken up by the House was the question of eigarette legislation. About a dozen bills had been referred to the committee on rights and privileges. some of them prohibiting the manufacture and sale altogether, others providing for a adversely, killing the whole bunch and recommending the passage of a substitute measure prepared by the committee. This measure prohibits the sale of cigarettes or and \$50 for each succeeding offense, with imprisonment of not less than sixty days nor more than one year. The report was nor more than one year. The report was a message to the House stating that he concurred in and the substitute bill was had signed the bill and Speaker Pettit anmade a special order for next Monday The cigarette lobby has been one of the features of the session up to date. The cigarette trust or the American Tobacco Company has had an ex-senator here look-

ing after its interests and opposing legislation meant to prohibit the manufacture and sale of cigarettes. The trust, however, has favored a measure to prohibit the sale of cigarettes and tobacco to minors on the theory that the agitation against cigarettes arises from the deleterious influence upon boys, and it had better give up this branch of its business altogether than to give up wholly the manufacture of cigarettes. It has succeeded in the federal courts in overthrowing laws of various States prohibiting the manufacture and sale on the ground that it interferes with interstate commerce, but it fears that if the agitation is continued there will finally legislation by Congress enabling the State to enact prohibitory legislation. The other side of the question has been presented persistency py from with great past two weeks practically taken possession of the postoffice room of the House and made life a burden to the members by calling them out every few minutes and

pleading with them upon the subject of cigarette legislation. At first they fought

for legislation wholly prohibitory, but final-

ly came to the conclusion that it would be

against the State were taken up and ineffective, and devoted their energies to

having the bill amended so as to make it apply to all minors instead of merely those under eighteen years and so as to make the opposed to a license bill. As the trust people first consented to the bill it simply prohibited the sale of tobacco to minors under eighteen and the imprisonment clause was discretionary. If the women and the trust continue to agree upon the bill introduced yesterday it seems likely that it will go through without much ques-

INSURANCE LEGISLATION.

First of a Series of Hearings by the

Committees of the Two Houses. The Senate and House committees on insurance met in Room 12, Statehouse, last | nation. night to listen to views on the various insurance bills that have been introduced. A large number of insurance men and their attorneys were present. Senator La Foilette said the joint committee had met to

hear from those who had any views to express on the bills under consideration by

Mr. Winn, of the State Life, talked on House Bill 235, one of the measures introduced at the instance of his company. It amends the laws regulating assessment companies. The other bill in which he is interested provides for the deposit of \$50,000 with the auditor of state for the protection of policy holders in assessment companies. In reply to a question as to why the deposit was not made \$100,000, he said that so far as he was concerned it made no difference, but he had fixed that figure at the request of friends in the State who desire to form companies, and who asked him to not draw the bill so it would freeze

Mr. Holton, of the Phoenix Mutual, said the purpose of the bill seemed to be to allow an assessment company to do an oldline business without complying with the old-line laws. The \$50,000 deposit may be withdrawn, he said, if the company desires to wind up its affairs, for the purpose of paying claims, while premiums were converted to the use of the company. He regarded the deposits as affording not one iota of protection to policy holders, and as

a mere advertising scheme intended to win the confidence of the people. John A. Finch, chairman of the committee appointed by the Commercial Club to investigate the insurance laws and draft bills, explained the four bills introduced in the Senate last week by Senator New, after reviewing the conditions of noncompetition in this city which brought about the appointment of the committee. Finding it would be too much of an undertaking to attempt to codify all the laws of the State concerning insurance of every sort he said plained, followed the old laws very closely. It was intended to foster home companies. In this connection he said there was but one stock company in the State, outside of those operating under old charters. As to mutual companies the bill provides those incorporated in this State shall not do business in other States unless allowed to do so by the laws of those States. Exceptions are made, however, in favor of class companies who confine their risks to one class of business, such as the Millers

Mutual. Concerning farmers' mutual companies h said, after a conference with Governor Mount, who is the president of such a company, the law had not been changed except to require them to make annual reports to the auditor of state. William T. Brown, attorney for one of the mutual companies, opposed the Commercial Club bills because they were adverse to the mutual companies, he said. The requirements as to capital stock were too severe. Others who spoke had the same objections to offer. It is likely that further meetings of the committee will be held in order to give others a chance to speak on

THE PRISON NORTH.

Secretary Hurty Points Out Bad Sanitary Features.

The secretary of the State Board of Health yesterday submitted a report upon the sanitary condition at the Prison North. The report contained two analyses of the oughly. The water is obtained from two embezzlement of more than \$25 is fixed at | shallow wells, neither over twenty feet deep, one in the north and the other in the south cellhouses. Much attention is given to the hospital and most of the details are condemned. Concerning the ventilation of

"The ventilation of the cellhouses and the cells is very imperfect and should be remedied without delay. Forced ventilation should be adopted. The small airshafts proceeding from each cell and the conduits leading from the bucket boxes do not work If the large airshafts to which the small ones from the cells lead were exhausted by fans or other mechanical means, and it each cellhouse was provided with large ventilators in the roofs, pure air in proper proportion could be furnished. In recapitulating he says: "Economy and health demand a new water supply, for the present supply corrodes steel and iron. causing great expense for repairs, and being polluted, is unfit for drinking. present hospital is really a pesthouse, situated over a kitchen. The materials of construction and arrangement forbid proper cleanliness and disinfection and, in consequence, contagion clings to every square inch of walls and floors. The commones decency demands that proper closets and urinals be provided. The ventilation of the cellhouses and cells should be made per-

TALK OF A "NEW DEAL."

Possibility of a Readjustment Among

the Employes. There is some talk of making "a new deal" all around among the employes thirty days. This practice began in a small way at the last session in order to enable the officers elected to fulfill all the promises they made in securing the election. It did no harm then among the doorkeepers, but there was not a little friction and confusion, due to the business of clerical force. Some of them who had just got fairly "broken in" were compelled to give way to green hands. This year they have an execllent clerical force in the Senate and four or five good men in the House, and it is the universal comment that both branches are peculiarly fortunate in the character of doorkeepers employed. While a number of people have, of course, been refused admittance because they could not show proper credentials, it has always been done in a gentlemanly way, and not a case of discourtesy at the doors has been reported since the session began.

VANDALIA BILL.

Governor Signs It and Attorney Gen eral Serves Notice.

The attorney general yesterday got the bill requiring an accounting from the Vandalia out of the enrolling foom of the House and called Lieutenant Governor Haggard out of the senatorial caucus and obtained his signature to it. The bill was then taken to the Governor and signed, and Mr. Ketcham at once prepared the required notice and sent a deputy to serve it upon the Vandalia officials. Notice was served upon Messrs. Farrington and Turner, of the present company, and Mr. Mc-Keen, of the old company. Deputy Moores went to Chicago last evening to obtain the consent of Judge Woods to serve Receiver

Late in the afternoon the Governor sen nounced his committee to act in conjunction with the Senate committee on the subeet matter of the concurrent resolution adopted on Monday. It is composed of Representatives Henderson, Randolph, Willoughby and Eichhorn.

FOUR BILLS RECOMMENDED.

Action of the Committee on County and Township Business Last Night. The House committee on county and township business held a protracted meeting last night and disposed of fourteen bills. Among them it will report favorably upon the following:

The Senate bill by Senator Phares, enabiling the commissioners of Jasper county to issue bonds to complete the construction of their courthouse The Senate bill by Senator Bobilya, providing that the standard half-bushel measure shall be used in testing grain when purchasing from the original producer.

Mr. Reynolds's bill, to encourage the planting of forests and groves, which is printed in full in this issue of the Journal. Street Railroad Inverigation. The committee on affairs of the city of

Indianapolis will meet this evening to fur-

charges on ferryboats.

Mr. Gibson's House bill, regulating the

ther consider Senator New's bill amending the street-railroad law (No. 61.) It will not be a public meeting, but the committee will consider the various arguments that have been presented and formulate its report, which will probably be made to-morrow morning.

Educational Hearing.

The educational committees of the two houses, will give a public hearing to-night at the office of the state superintendent of instruction on the bill revising the school laws, known as the Geeting bill. There is some talk among members of inserting an amendment in this bill depriving the State Normal School of the advantage it has in having its diploma prima facte evidence of fitness for license without exami-

To the Editor of the Indianapolis Journal:

County Seat of Newton.

In Monday's Journal an article appeared

in riga d to the special bill, now pending. for the relief of Newton county on the county seat que tien. Morocco is 10t a small village "near the C. & E. I. Railroad," but is a town of 1,000 inhabitants, and is of considerable commercial importance, on the line of this railroad, and in about the geographical as well as the center of population. The "motive power" is not furnished by "big land syndicates," but by old and reliable citizens, who for thirtyfive years have been compelled to travel within two miles of the south end of a county that is thirty-seven miles long, in order to transact county business. In 1860 after the county seat had been located at Kentland, by a commission appointed by the Governor, there were 525 voters, all told, in the county. The people were dissatisfied with the selection of the commission, and at once circulated a petition for removal, which was signed by 383 out of the total of 525 voters in the county. This petition failed through a technicality. Since that time four other attempts have been made by different towns in the county, at different times; in three of these attempts the necessary number of petitioners were secured, but the failure was caused by technicalities. In 1860, when the present courthouse was erected, the bids called for a building that should not exceed in cost the munificent sum of \$1,000, that house still stands, and is in daily use, the only courthouse that Newton county possesses. The question of permanent public buildings is now forced upon the people of the county. The Archibald bill, as now introduced, provides that a majority of the people of Newton county shall say where the county sea shall be located. It discriminates against no town in the county, but leaves the field open for all. If this bill is passed the town in Newton county that secures a majority of all the votes will be settled for all time, new courthouse and jail will be built, and the public buildings of Newton county will cease to be a disgrace to civilization. The bill asks that the question may be submitted to the majority of the people of Newton county; that the humble farmer as well as the rich land owner may have a

TRAINING SCHOOL GRADUATES. Commencement Exercises Last Night -Mr. Dunn's Address.

The fourth commencement of the Industrial Training School of Indianapolis was held last night in the auditorium of the school building, on South Meridian street. Twenty-six young men and women bade good-by to school, taking as their motto for future years: "Action, not Thought, the End of Life.

John A. Dyer was the valedictorian of his class, and his address was a manly expression Mr. Jacob P. Dunn made an address on the subject, "Indiana in Art. He spoke of the art that has been and may be developed in Indiana, especially in regard to painting and the many opportunities offered by the historic character of the scenery in the State. In order to properly develop art, he said, it is necessary that the training of the mind and hand should go together. The industrial school, a type of which is the Indianapolis institution, he thought to be the best kind of a school for the development of

Mr. William Scott, president of the School Board, presented each of the graduates with ribbon-tied diploma, earned by four years of numbers by the Industrial Training School Orchestra, a musical organization com

posed of members of the school. Following is a list of the graduates: Blanche Born, Hettle Bosl-y, Irene Collings Edward Davis, John Dyer, Ida Fredericks, Lou s Mayer, Orval Mehring, Walter Neubacher, Edward Osgood, Clara Overhiser, Frank Queisser Kate Gambold, Harry Goldrick, Eugene Grimm Marie Hartman, Alice Hughes, Clara Leonard Marie Talkenberg, Morton Traub, Merritt Wells Herbert Woolen, Nellie Yoke.

CITY NEWS NOTES

To-morrow evening at Plymouth Church Mr. Mabie, editor of the Outlook, will appear, under the auspices of the McCulloch Club, and deliver his lecture on "American Letters and Social Life. The Society of Hygiene met yesterday a the residence of Mrs. George Merritt. A paper on "Breads" was read by the presi-

dent, Dr. Swain. The society will petition

the city to place bathhouses in their new Owen Griffin, who boards with Mrs. Quinn at 367 West Pearl street, was arrested yesterday for malicious trespass and disturbing the peace. Mrs. Quinn says he came

angry about something, broke a window

>>> Wear

Our stock of Infants' Wear has been commented on by the most competent critics for assortment and quality. We have gone through the entire stock and revised the prices in some instances, as in case of Bonnets and Caps, to less than half the former prices, and in no case less than onethird off. This brings the goods down to figures less than the cost of material.

Flannel Skirts (short and long), Bands, Sacks, Bath Robes, Veils, Etc.

The Wm. H. Block Co.

Bowen-Merrill

HAVE ON SALE

OPIE READ'S POPULAR NOVEL

PLAYED BY

Stuart Robson 25c

BOWEN = MERRILL

·WINSOR ·CEREAL·COFFEE·



139 L'AKE ST. CHICAGO.

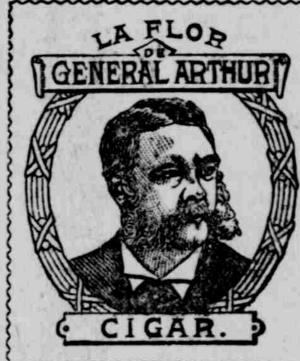
This is a pure article of rare excellence. Write to us, if your grocer does not keep it. Samples, testimonials, etc., free. Correspondence solicited. Winsor Cereal Coffee Beautifies the Complexion."

OPTICIANS.



Sunday Journal By Mail, to Any Address, home partially intoxicated, and becoming Two Dollars Per Annum

The misfortune in CUBA will be a misfortune in the future to the average Smoker.



The manufacturers of the "General

Have secured a very large stock of HAVANA Tobacco, and are thereby in position to keep up the standard of this Cigar for years to come. Smokers will always find the "GENERAL ARTHUR" Cigar to be uniform in taste and quality.

************************* Louis G. Deschler, Sole Agent.

COPY OF STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

American Fire Insurance Company On the 31st day of December, 1896.

Located at No. 42 Cedar Street, New York City. FRED W. DONNER, President.
SILAS P. WOOD, Vice President and Secretary. The amount of its capital is\$400,000

THE ASSETS OF THE COMPANY ARE AS FOLLOWS: Cash on hand and in the hands of agents or other persons Bonds and stocks owned by the a mpany, bearing interest at the rate of per cent., as per schedule filed, market value Loans on bonds and mortgages of real estate, worth double the amount for which the same is mortgaged, and free from any prior incumbrance Debts otherwise secured..... Debts for premiums.....

Losses adjusted and not due...... Losses in suspense, waiting for further proof 9 454 17 All other claims against the company Amount necessary to reinsure outstanding risks

State of Indiana, Office of Auditor of State: I, the undersigned, Auditor of State of the State of Indiana, hereby certify that the above is a correct copy of the statement of the condition of the above mentioned company, on the sist day of December, 1896, as shown by the original statement, and that the said original statement is now on file in this office. In testimony whereof, I hereunto subscribe my name and affix my official seal, this 25th day of January, 1897.

A. C. DALY, Auditor of State.